# SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL Original Instructions



**Certified Quality** 

CE











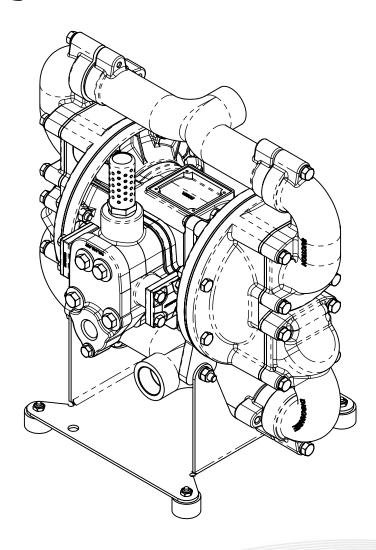
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# Model HDF1 & HDF25

Heavy Duty Flap Valve Design Level 2





### Safety Information

### **IMPORTANT**



Read the safety warnings and instructions in this manual before pump installation and start-up. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual could damage the pump and void factory warranty.



When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. In freezing temperatures the pump should be completely drained between uses.

### **CAUTION**



Before pump operation, inspect all fasteners for loosening caused by gasket creep. Retighten loose fasteners to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



Nonmetallic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.



#### **WARNING**

Pump not designed, tested or certified to be powered by compressed natural gas. Powering the pump with natural gas will void the warranty.



The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

### WARNING



When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.



Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line, bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn at all times. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



Airborne particles and loud noise hazards. Wear eye and ear protection.



In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If pumping a product that is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe containment.



Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers and other miscellaneous equipment must be properly grounded.



This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Make certain that all fasteners and piping connections are in good condition and are reinstalled properly during reassembly.



Use safe practices when lifting

### ATEX Pumps - Conditions For Safe Use

- Ambient temperature range is as specified in tables 1 to 3 on the next page (per Annex I of DEKRA 18ATEX0094X)
- 2. ATEX compliant pumps are suitable for use in explosive atmospheres when the equipment is properly grounded in accordance with local electrical codes
- Non-Metallic ATEX Pumps only See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page Conductive Polypropylene, conductive Acetal or conductive PVDF pumps are not to be installed in applications where the pumps may be subjected to oil, greases and hydraulic liquids.
- The optionally provided solenoids shall be protected by a fuse corresponding to its rated current (max 3\*Irat according to EN 60127) or by a motor protecting switch with short circuit and thermal instantaneous tripping (set to the rated current) as short circuit protection. For solenoids with a very low rated current, a fuse with the lowest current value according to the indicated standard will be sufficient. The fuse may be accommodated in the associated supply unit or shall be separately arranged. The rated voltage of the fuse shall be equal or greater than the stated rated voltage of the solenoid. The breaking capacity of the fuse shall be as high as or higher than the maximum expected short circuit current at the location of the installation (usually 1500 A). The maximum permissible ripple is 20% for all dc solenoids. \*Not applicable for all pump models — See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page
- When operating pumps equipped with non-conductive diaphragms that exceed the maximum permissible projected area, as defined in EN ISO 80079-36: 2016 section 6.7.5 table 8, the following protection methods must be applied
  - Equipment is always used to transfer electrically conductive fluids or
  - Explosive environment is prevented from entering the internal portions of the pump, i.e. dry running.
- 6. Pumps provided with the pulse output kit and used in the potentially explosive atmosphere caused by the presence of the combustible dust shall be installed in such a way that the pulse output kit is protected against impact

\*Not applicable for all pump models — See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page

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### **Temperature Tables**

Table 1. Category 1 & Category 2 ATEX Rated Pumps

Ambient Temperature Process Temperature Range [°C] Range [°C]¹		Temperature Class	Maximum Surface Tem- perature [°C]
	-20°C to +80°C	T5	T100°C
0000 1- 10000	-20°C to +108°C	T4	T135°C
-20°C to +60°C	-20°C to +60°C		T000°0
	-20°C to +177°C	(225°C) T2	T200°C

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Per CSA standards ANSI LC6-2018 US & Canadian Technical Letter R14, G-Series Natural Gas Models are restricted to (-20°C to + 80°C) process temperature

Table 2. Category 2 ATEX Rated Pumps Equipped with Pulse Output Kit or Integral Solenoid:

Ambient Temperature	Process Temperature	Temperature	Maximum Sur-	Ор	tions
Range [°C]	Range [°C]	Class	face Temperature [°C]	Pulse Output Kit	Integral Solenoid
-20°C to +60°C	-20°C to +100°C	T5	T100	Х	
-20°C to +50°C	-20°C to +100°C	T5	T100		Х

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>ATEX Pulse output or Intergral Solenoid Not Available For All Pump Models See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page

Table 3. Category M1 ATEX Rated Pumps for Mining

Ambient Temperature	Process Temperature	
Range [°C]	Range [°C]	
-20°C to +60°C	-20°C to +150°C	

<u>Note:</u> The ambient temperature range and the process temperature range should not exceed the operating temperature range of the applied non-metallic parts as listed in the manuals of the pumps.

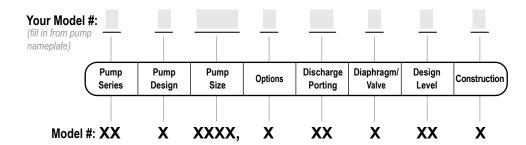
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• EC Declaration of Conformity - ATEX



### **Explanation of Pump Nomenclature**



**Pump Series** 

HD Heavy Duty

**Pump Design** 

**F** Flap

**Pump Size** 

**1** 1"

25 1" BSPT (Tapered Thread)

**Discharge Porting Position** 

**D** Bottom

**Wet End Materials** 

**B** Nitrile

N Neoprene

R Hytrel

P Santoprene

V FKM

**Design Level** 

2

Construction

A Aluminum Wetted, Aluminum Air

I Cast Iron Wetted, Aluminum Air

II Cast Iron Wetted, Cast Iron Air

SI Stainless Steel Wetted, Cast Iron Air

SS Stainless Steel Wetted, Aluminum Air

#### **Options**

P1 Intrinsically Safe ATEX Compliant Pulse Output

Your Serial #: (fill in from pump nameplate)

### **ATEX Detail**

	ATEX Details	Construction	Options
رځ)	II 1 G Ex h IIC T5225°C (T2) Ga II 1D Ex h IIIC T100°CT200°C Da I M1 Ex h I Ma	II, SI	00
CX/	II 2 G Ex h IIC T5225°C (T2) Gb II 2 D Ex h IIIC T100°CT200°C Db	A, I, SI, SS	00
	II 2 G Ex h ia IIC T5 Gb II 2 D Ex h ia IIIC T100°C Db	A, I, II, SI, SS	P1



# Performance

#### SUCTION/DISCHARGE PORT SIZE

- HDF1: 1" (25.4mm) NPT(F)
- HDF25: 1" (25.4mm) BSP Tapered

#### **CAPACITY**

• 0 to 70 gallons per minute (0 to 265 liters per minute)

#### AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE

· No-lube, no-stall design

#### **SOLIDS-HANDLING**

• Up to 1 in. (25.4mm)

#### **HEADS UP TO**

 125 psi or 289 ft. of water (8.8 Kg/cm² or 88 meters)

### **MAXIMUM OPERATING PRESSURE**

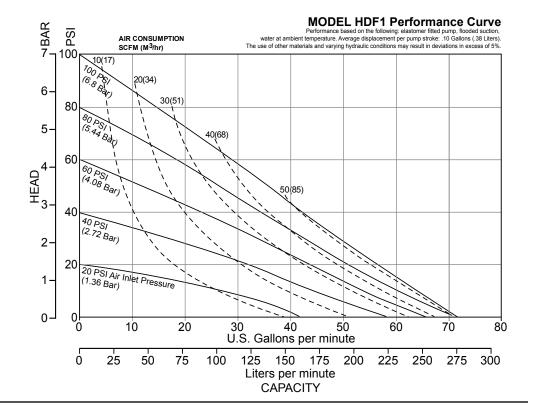
• 125 psi (8.6 bar)

#### **DISPLACEMENT/STROKE**

• .10 Gallon / .38 liter

#### **SHIPPING WEIGHT**

- · Aluminum 48 lbs. (21kg)
- · Stainless Steel 79 lbs. (36kg)



### **Materials**

Material Profile:	Operating Temperatures:	
CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:	Max.	Min.
Conductive Acetal: Tough, impact resistant, ductile. Good abrasion resistance and low friction surface. Generally inert, with good chemical resistance except for strong acids and oxidizing agents.	190°F 88°C	-20°F -29°C
<b>EPDM:</b> Shows very good water and chemical resistance. Has poor resistance to oils and solvents, but is fair in ketones and alcohols.	280°F 138°C	-40°F -40°C
<b>FKM:</b> (Fluorocarbon) Shows good resistance to a wide range of oils and solvents; especially all aliphatic, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, acids, animal and vegetable oils. Hot water or hot aqueous solutions (over 70°F(21°C)) will attack FKM.	350°F 177°C	-40°F -40°C
Hytrel®: Good on acids, bases, amines and glycols at room temperatures only.	220°F 104°C	-20°F -29°C
Neoprene: All purpose. Resistance to vegetable oils. Generally not affected by moderate chemicals, fats, greases and many oils and solvents. Generally attacked by strong oxidizing acids, ketones, esters and nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons.	200°F 93°C	-10°F -23°C
Nitrile: General purpose, oil-resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, water and hydraulic fluid resistance. Should not be used with highly polar solvents like acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorinated hydrocarbons and nitro hydrocarbons.	190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C
<b>Nylon:</b> 6/6 High strength and toughness over a wide temperature range. Moderate to good resistance to fuels, oils and chemicals.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C

<b>Polypropylene:</b> A thermoplastic polymer. Moderate tensile and flex strength. Resists stong acids and alkali. Attacked by chlorine, fuming nitric acid and other strong oxidizing agents.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C
<b>PVDF:</b> (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) A durable fluoroplastic with excellent chemical resistance. Excellent for UV applications. High tensile strength and impact resistance.	250°F 121°C	0°F -18°C
Santoprene®: Injection molded thermoplastic elastomer with no fabric layer. Long mechanical flex life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	275°F 135°C	-40°F -40°C
<b>UHMW PE:</b> A thermoplastic that is highly resistant to a broad range of chemicals. Exhibits outstanding abrasion and impact resistance, along with environmental stress-cracking resistance.	180°F 82°C	-35°F -37°C
<b>Urethane:</b> Shows good resistance to abrasives. Has poor resistance to most solvents and oils.	150°F 66°C	32°F 0°C
Virgin PTFE: (PFA/TFE) Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to chemically react with PTFE; molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.	220°F 104°C	-35°F -37°C

Maximum and Minimum Temperatures are the limits for which these materials can be operated. Temperatures coupled with pressure affect the longevity of diaphragm pump components. Maximum life should not be expected at the extreme limits of the temperature ranges.

### Metals:

Alloy C: Equal to ASTM494 CW-12M-1 specification for nickel and nickel alloy.

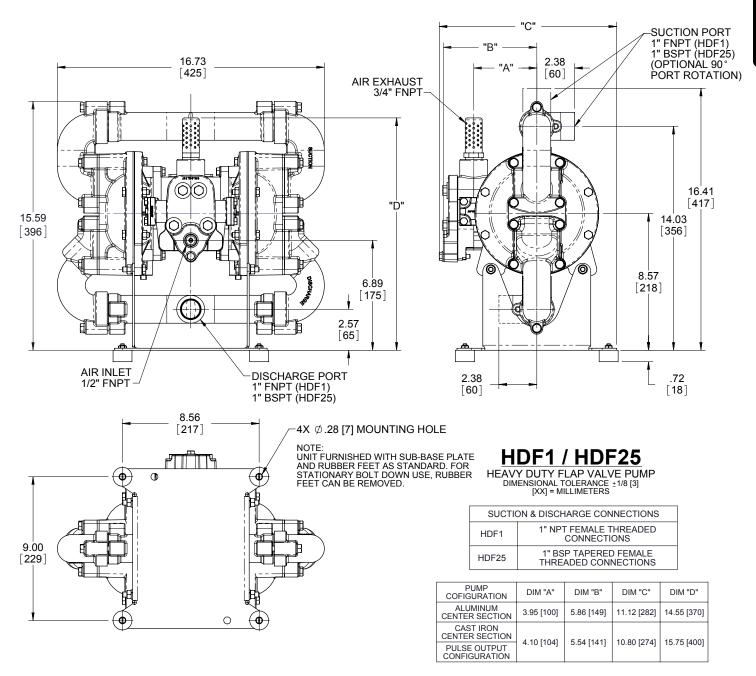
**Stainless Steel:** Equal to or exceeding ASTM specification A743 CF-8M for corrosion resistant iron chromium, iron chromium nickel and nickel based alloy castings for general applications. Commonly referred to as 316 Stainless Steel in the pump industry.

For specific applications, always consult the Chemical Resistance Chart.

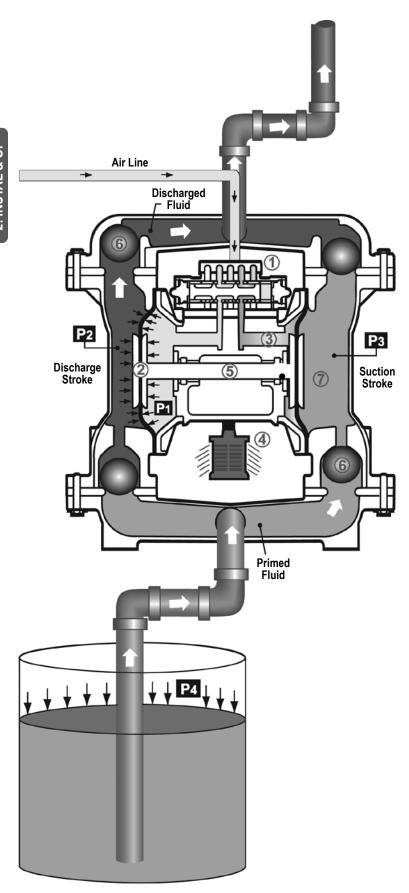


### **Dimensional Drawings**

# **HDF1 & HDF25 Heavy Duty Flap Valve**Dimensions in inches (metric dimensions in brackets). Dimensional Tolerance .125" (3mm).



### **Principle of Pump Operation**



Air-Operated Double Diaphragm (AODD) pumps are powered by compressed air or nitrogen.

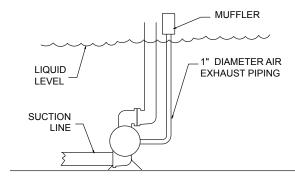
The main directional (air) control valve ① distributes compressed air to an air chamber, exerting uniform pressure over the inner surface of the diaphragm ②. At the same time, the exhausting air ③ from behind the opposite diaphragm is directed through the air valve assembly(s) to an exhaust port ④.

As inner chamber pressure **(P1)** exceeds liquid chamber pressure **(P2)**, the rod **⑤** connected diaphragms shift together creating discharge on one side and suction on the opposite side. The discharged and primed liquid's directions are controlled by the check valves (ball or flap)**⑥** orientation.

The pump primes as a result of the suction stroke. The suction stroke lowers the chamber pressure (P3) increasing the chamber volume. This results in a pressure differential necessary for atmospheric pressure (P4) to push the fluid through the suction piping and across the suction side check valve and into the outer fluid chamber T.

Suction (side) stroking also initiates the reciprocating (shifting, stroking or cycling) action of the pump. The suction diaphragm's movement is mechanically pulled through its stroke. The diaphragm's inner plate makes contact with an actuator plunger aligned to shift the pilot signaling valve. Once actuated, the pilot valve sends a pressure signal to the opposite end of the main directional air valve, redirecting the compressed air to the opposite inner chamber.

#### SUBMERGED ILLUSTRATION



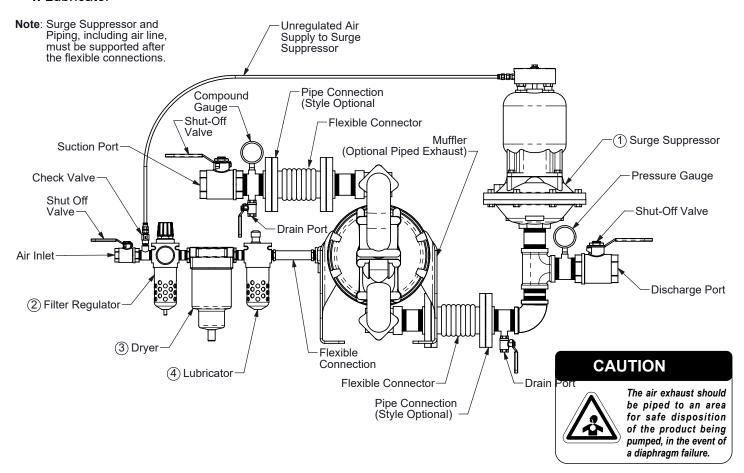
Pump can be submerged if the pump materials of construction are compatible with the liquid being pumped. The air exhaust must be piped above the liquid level. When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills.



### **Recommended Installation Guide**

#### **Available Accessories:**

- 1. Surge Suppressor
- 2. Filter/Regulator
- **3.** Air Dryer
- 4. Lubricator



#### Installation And Start-Up

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

#### Air Supply

Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply with sufficient capacity and pressure to achieve desired performance. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

#### **Air Valve Lubrication**

The air distribution system is designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the standard mode of operation. If lubrication is desired, install an air line lubricator set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes. Consult the Performance Curve to determine air consumption.

#### **Air Line Moisture**

Water in the compressed air supply may cause icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer.

#### Air Inlet And Priming

To start the pump, slightly open the air shut-off valve. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.



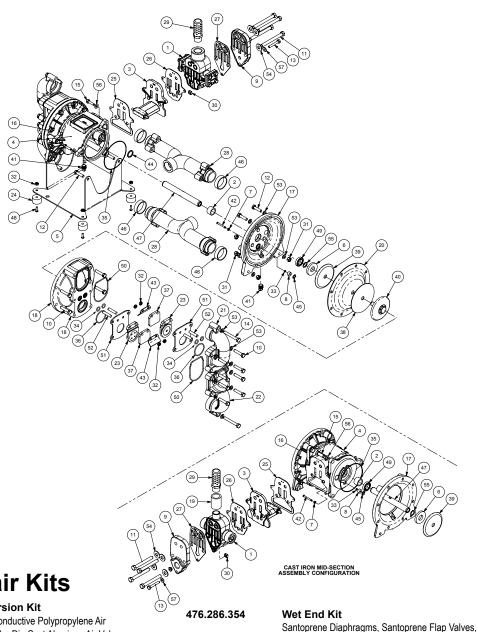
# **Troubleshooting Guide**

Symptom:	Potential Cause(s):	Recommendation(s):
Pump Cycles Once	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow.
. ,	supply pressure).	(Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Air valve or intermediate gaskets installed incorrectly.	Install gaskets with holes properly aligned.
D MEH N. ( O (	Bent or missing actuator plunger.	Remove pilot valve and inspect actuator plungers.
Pump Will Not Operate	Pump is over lubricated.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
/ Cycle	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size and length, compressor capacity (HP vs. cfm required).
	Check air distribution system.  Discharge line is blocked or clogged manifolds.	Disassemble and inspect main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators.  Check for inadvertently closed discharge line valves. Clean discharge manifolds/piping.
		Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow.
	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	(Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Blocked air exhaust muffler.	Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice, and re-install.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Pump chamber is blocked.	Disassemble and inspect wetted chambers. Remove or flush any obstructions.
Pump Cycles and Will	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction condition (move pump closer to product).
Not Prime or No Flow	Check valve obstructed. Valve ball(s) not seating properly or sticking.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Clean out around valve ball cage and valve seat area. Replace valve ball or valve seat if damaged. Use heavier valve ball material.
	Valve ball(s) missing (pushed into chamber or manifold).	Worn valve ball or valve seat. Worn fingers in valve ball cage (replace part). Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Valve ball(s) / seat(s) damaged or attacked by product.	Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
Pump Cycles Running	Over lubrication.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
Sluggish / Stalling,	Icing.	Remove muffler screen, de-ice, and re-install. Install a point of use air drier.
Flow Unsatisfactory	Clogged manifolds.	Clean manifolds to allow proper air flow.
,	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction (move pump closer to product).
	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size, length, compressor capacity.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system hd.	Decrease inlet air (press. and vol.) to the pump. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
	Restrictive or undersized air line.	Install a larger air line and connection.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. Purging the chambers of air can be dangerous.
Product Leaking	Diaphragm failure, or diaphragm plates loose.	Replace diaphragms, check for damage and ensure diaphragm plates are tight.
Through Exhaust	Diaphragm stretched around center hole or bolt holes.	Check for excessive inlet pressure or air pressure. Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
Premature Diaphragm	Cavitation.	Enlarge pipe diameter on suction side of pump.
Failure	Excessive flooded suction pressure.	Move pump closer to product. Raise pump/place pump on top of tank to reduce inlet pressure. Install Back pressure device (Tech bulletin 41r). Add accumulation tank or pulsation dampener.
	Misapplication (chemical/physical incompatibility).	Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
	Incorrect diaphragm plates or plates on backwards, installed incorrectly or worn.	Check Operating Manual to check for correct part and installation. Ensure outer plates have not been worn to a sharp edge.
Unbalanced Cycling	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
I	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs.

For additional troubleshooting tips contact After Sales Support at service.warrenrupp@idexcorp.com or 419-524-8388



### **Composite Repair Parts Drawing**



Service & Repair Kits

47 5.205.000	All Ellu Collversion Kit	476.286.354	Wet End Kit
	(Converts from a Conductive Polypropylene Air	470.200.334	
	Valve Assembly to the Die Cast Aluminun Air Valve		Santoprene Diaphragms, Santoprene Flap Valv
	,		EPDM HInge and Wear Pads, EPDM O-rings
	Assembly) Valve Body Assembly, Gaskets, and		and Seals
	Longer Capscrews	470 000 050	Mat Find Kit

476.103.000

Air End Kit
(For cast iron centers)
Sleeve and Spool Set, Pilot Valve Body Assembly,

476.286.356

Wet End Kit
Hytrel Diaphragms, Hytrel Flap Valves, Neoprene
Hinge and Wear Pads, Neoprene O-rings and Seals

Wet End Kit
Hytrel Diaphragms, Hytrel Flap Valves, Neoprene
Wear Pads, Neoprene O-rings and Seals

Wet End Kit

Bumpers, Bushings, Gaskets, O-rings, Seals,
Plungers, and Retaining Rings

Nitrile Plap Valves, Nitrile Hinge

Air End Kit

476.286.363

and Wear Pads, Nitrile O-rings and Seals

Wet End Kit

Wet End Kit

(For aluminum centers)

Sleeve and Spool Set, Pilot Valve Body Assembly,

Wet End Kit

FKM Diaphragms, FKM Flap Valves, FKM Hinge and Wear Pads, FKM O-rings and Seals

Bumpers, Bushings, Gaskets, O-rings, Seals,
Plungers, and Retaining Rings

476.286.364

Wet End Kit

FDRM Planters FDRM Planters

476.313.000

Air End Refurbishment Kit
(For cast iron centers with conductive

476.286.365

EPDM Diaphragms, EPDM Flap Valves, EPDM Hinge and Wear Pads, EPDM O-rings and Seals

Wet End Kit

polypropylene air valve body)

Bumpers, Bushings, Gaskets, O-rings, Seals,
Plungers, and Retaining Rings

Veet End Rit
Neoprene Flap Valves,
Neoprene Diaphragms, Neoprene Flap Valves,
Neoprene Hinge and Wear Pads, Neoprene O-rings

Plungers, and Retaining Rings
476.341.000

Air End Refurbishment Kit
(With new die cast aluminum air valve body)



476.311.000

Bumpers, Bushings, Gaskets, O-rings, Seals,

Plungers, and Retaining Rings

# **Composite Repair Parts List**

<u>Item</u>	Part Number	Description	Qty	<u>ltem</u>	Part Number	Description	Qty
①	031.030.557	Assembly, Air Valve			518.205.156 E	Manifold	2
		(Cast Iron Center)	1		518.205.010	Manifold	2
	031.203.000	Assembly, Air Valve	1		518.205.010 E	Manifold	2
<sup>2</sup> 3	070.012.170	Bearing, Sleeve	2		518.205.110	Manifold	2
(3)	095.074.001	Pilot Valve Assembly	1		518.205.110 E	Manifold	2 29
4	114.007.157	Bracket, Intermediate			530.036.000	Muffler	1
		(AL Center)	1	30	542.001.330	Nut, Square	1
	114.012.010	Bracket, Intermediate		31	545.004.330	Nut, Hex, 5/16-18	14
		(CI Center)	1	32	547.002.110	Nut, Stop	12
5	115.071.330	Bracket, Mounting	1	33 34	560.001.360	O-Ring	2
6	132.019.360	Bumper	2	34	560.038.360	O-Ring	8
6 7 8	132.022.360	Bumper, Actuator	2		560.038.363	O-Ring	8
8	135.034.506	Bushing, Plunger	2		560.038.364	O-Ring	8
9	165.134.157	Cap, Air Inlet, Ass'y (AL Center)	1	_	560.038.365	O-Ring	8
	165.134.558	Cap, Air Inlet, Ass'y (Cl Center)	1	(35)	560.040.360	O-Ring	2
10	170.029.330	Capscrew, Hex HD 5/16-18 X 1.5	24	36	560.198.360	O-Ring	4
11	170.033.330	Capscrew, Hex HD (CI Center)			560.198.363	O-Ring	4
		3/8-16 X 3.25	4		560.198.364	O-Ring	4
	170.083.330	Capscrew, Hex HD (AL Center)			560.198.365	O-Ring	4
		3/8-16 X 3.75	4	37	570.018.360	Pad, Hinge	4
12	170.045.330	Capscrew, Hex HD			570.018.363	Pad, Hinge	4
		5/16-18 X 1.25	12		570.018.364	Pad, Hinge	4
13	170.063.330	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/4-20 X 1.75			570.018.365	Pad, Hinge	4
14	170.080.330	Capscrew, Hex HD 5/16-18 X 2.5		38	570.019.360	Pad, Wear	2
15	170.043.330	Capscrew, Hex HD (AL Center)	•		570.019.363	Pad, Wear	2
.0	17 0.0 10.000	1/4-20 X 1	6		570.019.364	Pad, Wear	2
	170.006.330	Capscrew, Hex HD (CI Center)	·		570.019.365	Pad, Wear	2
	170.000.000	3/18-16 X 1	6	39	612.022.330	Plate, Diaphragm, Inner	2
16	196.042.157	Chamber, Inner (AL Center)	1	40	612.108.157	Assembly, Diaphragm Plate	2
10	196.084.010	Chamber, Inner (Cl Center)	1	10	612.101.082	Assembly, Diaphragm Plate	2
17	196.043.157	Chamber, Inner (AL Center)	1		612.101.110	Assembly, Diaphragm Plate	2
17	196.090.010	Chamber, Inner (Cl Center)	1	11	618.003.330	Plug, Pipe, 1/4	3
18	196.199.156	Chamber, Outer	2	41 (42)	620.007.114	Plunger, Actuator	2
10	196.199.010		2	43		Retainer	
		Chamber, Outer Chamber, Outer	2		670.053.110		4
10	196.199.110	•	1	44) 45) 46)	675.040.360	Ring, Sealing	2
19	255.012.335	Coupling, Pipe, 3/4 NPT			675.042.115	Ring, Retaining (AL Center)	
20	286.008.354	Diaphragm	2	40	675.065.360	Ring, Sealing	4
	286.008.356	Diaphragm			675.065.363	Ring, Sealing	4
	286.008.360	Diaphragm	2		675.065.364	Ring, Sealing	4
	286.008.363	Diaphragm	2	47	675.065.365	Ring, Sealing	4
	286.008.364	Diaphragm	2	47	685.039.120	Rod, Diaphragm	1
04	286.008.365	Diaphragm	2	48	706.013.330	Screw, Machine	4
21	312.119.156	Elbow, Suction	2 2	49  50	720.010.375	Seal, U-Cup	2
	312.119.010	Elbow, Suction	2	50	720.066.360	Seal, Seat	4
	312.119.110	Elbow, Suction	2		720.066.363	Seal, Seat	4
22	312.120.156	Elbow, Discharge	2		720.066.364	Seal, Seat	4
	312.120.010	Elbow, Discharge	2		720.066.365	Seal, Seat	4
_	312.120.110	Elbow, Discharge	2	51	722.101.110	Seat, Flap	4
23	338.014.354	Flap Valve	4	52	807.018.110	Stud, 1/4-20	8
	338.014.356	Flap Valve	4	53	900.004.330	Washer, Lock, 5/16	32
	338.014.360	Flap Valve	4	54	901.005.330	Washer, Flat, 3/8	4
	338.014.363	Flap Valve	4	55	901.012.180	Washer, Sealing	2
	338.014.364	Flap Valve	4	56	901.005.330	Washer, Flat 3/8	6
	338.014.365	Flap Valve	4		901.035.330	Washer, Flat 1/4	6
24	350.002.360	Foot, Rubber	4	57	901.035.330	Washer, Flat 1/4	1
24 (25) (26) (27) 28	360.056.379	Gasket	1	_			
26	360.057.360	Gasket	1	LEGEN	ND:		
6 <del>3</del> )	360.058.360	Gasket	1	= Items	s contained within Air End K	ts	
$\mathcal{L}$							

**Note:** Kits contain components specific to the material codes.





### Material Codes - The Last 3 Digits of Part Number

- 000.....Assembly, sub-assembly; and some purchased items
- 010.....Cast Iron
- 015.....Ductile Iron
- 020.....Ferritic Malleable Iron
- 080.....Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112
- 110.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
- 111 .....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel (Electro Polished)
- 112.....Alloy C
- 113.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel (Hand Polished)
- 114.....303 Stainless Steel
- 115.....302/304 Stainless Steel
- 117.....440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)
- 120.....416 Stainless Steel (Wrought Martensitic)
- 148.....Hardcoat Anodized Aluminum
- 150.....6061-T6 Aluminum
- 152.....2024-T4 Aluminum (2023-T351)
- 155.....356-T6 Aluminum
- 156.....356-T6 Aluminum
- 157.....Die Cast Aluminum Alloy #380
- 158.....Aluminum Alloy SR-319
- 162.....Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock
- 165.....Cast Bronze, 85-5-5-5
- 166.....Bronze, SAE 660
- 170.....Bronze, Bearing Type, Oil Impregnated
- 180.....Copper Alloy
- 305.....Carbon Steel, Black Epoxy Coated
- 306.....Carbon Steel, Black PTFE Coated
- 307.....Aluminum, Black Epoxy Coated
- 308.....Stainless Steel, Black PTFE Coated
- 309.....Aluminum, Black PTFE Coated
- 313.....Aluminum, White Epoxy Coated
- 330.....Zinc Plated Steel
- 332.....Aluminum, Electroless Nickel Plated
- 333.....Carbon Steel, Electroless Nickel Plated
- 335.....Galvanized Steel
- 337.....Silver Plated Steel
- 351.....Food Grade Santoprene®
- 353.....Geolast; Color: Black
- 354.....Injection Molded #203-40 Santoprene® Duro 40D +/-5;
  - Color: RED
- 356.....Hytrel®
- 357..... Injection Molded Polyurethane
- 358.....Urethane Rubber (Some Applications) (Compression Mold)
- 359.....Urethane Rubber
- 360.....Nitrile Rubber Color coded: RED
- 363.....FKM (Fluorocarbon)
  Color coded: YELLOW

- 364.....EPDM Rubber
  - Color coded: BLUE
- 365.....Neoprene Rubber
  - Color coded: GREEN
- 366.....Food Grade Nitrile
- 368.....Food Grade EPDM
- 371.....Philthane (Tuftane)
- 374.....Carboxylated Nitrile
- 375.....Fluorinated Nitrile
- 378.....High Density Polypropylene
- 379.....Conductive Nitrile
- 408.....Cork and Neoprene
- 425.....Compressed Fibre
- 426....Blue Gard
- 440.....Vegetable Fibre
- 500.....Delrin® 500
- 502.....Conductive Acetal, ESD-800
- 503.....Conductive Acetal, Glass-Filled
- 506.....Delrin® 150
- 520.....Injection Molded PVDF
  - Natural color
- 540.....Nylon
- 542.....Nylon
- 544.....Nylon Injection Molded
- 550.....Polyethylene
- 551.....Glass Filled Polypropylene
- 552.....Unfilled Polypropylene
- 555.....Polyvinyl Chloride
- 556.....Black Vinyl
- 557....Conductive Polypropylene
- 558.....Conductive HDPE
- 570.....Rulon II®
- 580.....Ryton®
- 600.....PTFE (virgin material)
  Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE)
- 603.....Blue Gylon®
- 604.....PTFE
- 606.....PTFE
- 607.....Envelon
- 608.....Conductive PTFE
- 610.....PTFE Encapsulated Silicon
- 611.....PTFE Encapsulated FKM
- 632.....Neoprene/Hytrel®
- 633....FKM/PTFE
- 634.....EPDM/PTFE
- 635.....Neoprene/PTFE
- 637.....PTFE, FKM/PTFE
- 638.....PTFE, Hytrel®/PTFE
- 639.....Nitrile/TFE
- 643.....Santoprene®/EPDM
- 644.....Santoprene®/PTFE
- 656.....Santoprene® Diaphragm and Check Balls/EPDM Seats
- 661.....EPDM/Santoprene®
- 666.....FDA Nitrile Diaphragm,

PTFE Overlay, Balls, and Seals

668.....PTFE, FDA Santoprene®/PTFE

- Delrin and Hytrel are registered tradenames of E.I. DuPont.
- Nylatron is a registered tradename of Polymer Corp.
- Gylon is a registered tradename of Garlock. Inc.
- Santoprene is a registered tradename of Exxon Mobil Corp.
- Rulon II is a registered tradename of Dixion Industries Corp.
- Ryton is a registered tradename of Phillips Chemical Co.
- Valox is a registered tradename of General Electric Co.

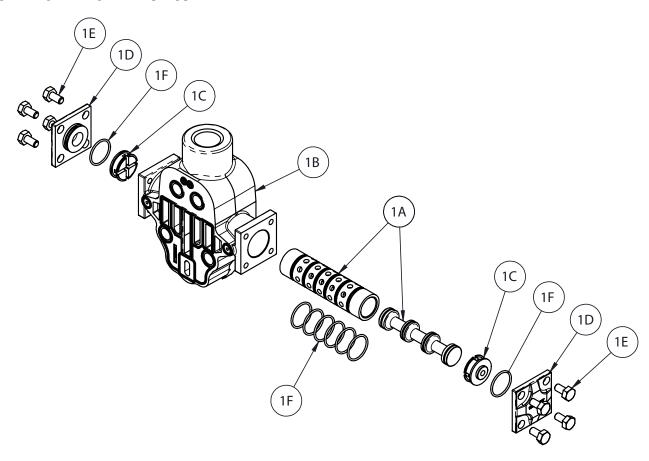
### RECYCLING

Warren Rupp is an ISO14001 registered company and is committed to minimizing the impact our products have on the environment. Many components of SANDPIPER® AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials. We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed. Pump users that recycle will gain the satisfaction to know that their discarded part(s) or pump will not end up in a landfill. The recyclability of SANDPIPER products is a vital part of Warren Rupp's commitment to environmental stewardship.



## **Air Distribution Valve Assembly**

### With Aluminum Center



### Air Distribution Valve Servicing

See repair parts drawing, remove screws.

Step 1: Remove hex capscrews (1E).

Step 2: Remove end cap (1D).

**Step 3:** Remove spool part of (1A) (caution: do not scratch).

Step 4: Press sleeve (1A) from body (1B).

Step 5: Inspect bumpers (1C) and o-rings (1F).

Step 6: Lightly lubricate O-Rings (1F) on sleeve (1A).

Step 7: Press sleeve (1A) into body (1B).

**Step 8:** Reassemble in reverse order, starting with step 3.

**Note:** Sleeve and spool (1A) set is match ground to a specified clearance sleeve and spools (1A) cannot be interchanged.





### ATEX Compliant

### **A** IMPORTANT



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

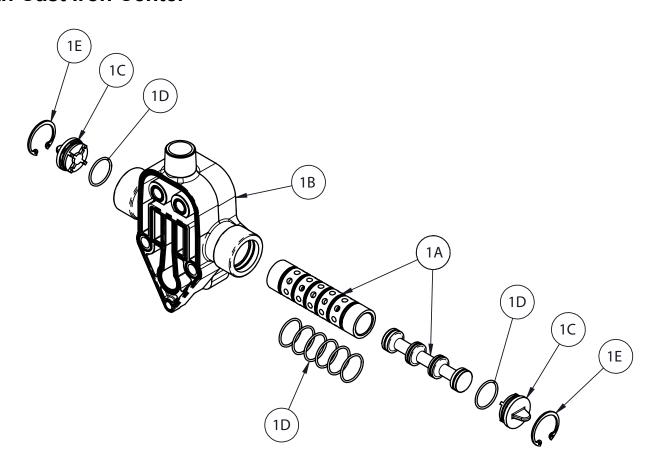
#### Main Air Valve Assembly Parts List

Item	Item Number	Description	Qty
1	031.203.000	Assembly, Main Air Valve	1
1A	031.039.000	Sleeve & Spool Set	1
1B	095.113.157	Body, Valve	1
1C	132.037.357	Bumper	2
1D	165.129.157	Cap, End	2
1E	170.032.330	1/4-20 X 3/4 Capscrew	8
1F	560.058.360	7/8 ID X 1/16 CS O-Ring	8



# **Air Distribution Valve Assembly**

### With Cast Iron Center



### Air Distribution Valve Servicing

See repair parts drawing, remove screws.

Step 1: Remove end cap retainer (1E).

Step 2: Remove end cap (1C).

**Step 3:** Remove spool part of (1A) (caution, do not scratch).

Step 4: Press sleeve (1A) from body (1B).

Step 5: Inspect O-Ring (1D) and replace if necessary.

Step 6: Lightly lubricate O-Rings (1D) on spool (1A).

Step 7: Press sleeve (1A) into body (1B).

Step 8: Reassemble in reverse order.

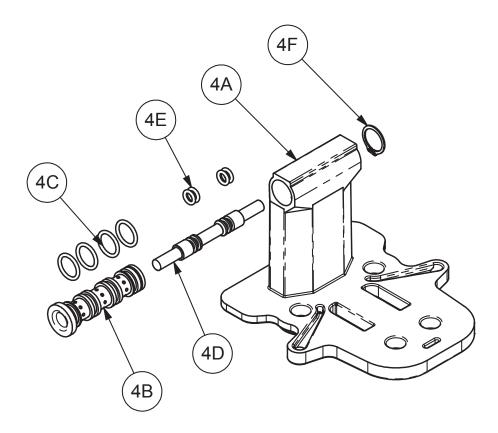
**Note:** Sleeve and spool (1A) set is match ground to a specified clearance sleeve and spools (1A) cannot be interchanged.



### **Main Air Valve Assembly Parts List**

Item	Part Number	Description	Qtv
1	031.030.557	Assembly, Main Air Valve	1
1A	031.039.000	Sleeve and Spool set	1
1B	095.051.557	Body, Air Valve	1
1C	165.038.558	Cap, End	2
1D	560.058.360	O-ring	8
1E	675.043.115	Ring. Retaining	2

### **Pilot Valve Assembly**



### **Pilot Valve Servicing**

With Pilot Valve removed from pump.

Step 1: Remove snap ring (4F).

**Step 2:** Remove sleeve (4B), inspect O-Rings (4C), replace if required.

**Step 3:** Remove spool (4D) from sleeve (4B), inspect O-Rings (4E), replace if required.

Step 4: Lightly lubricate O-Rings (4C) and (4E).

Reassemble in reverse order.



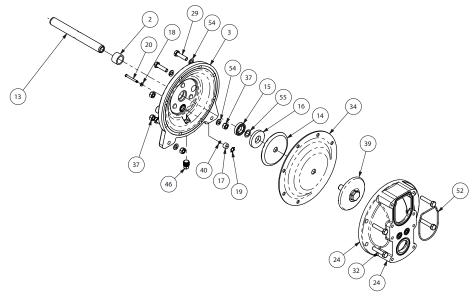
### PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
4	095.074.001	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
4A	095.071.557	Pilot Valve Body	1
4B	755.025.162	Pilot Valve sleeve	1
4C	560.033.360	O-Ring	4
4D	775.014.115	Pilot Valve Spool	1
4E	560.023.360	O-Ring	4
4F	675.037.050	Retaining Ring	1

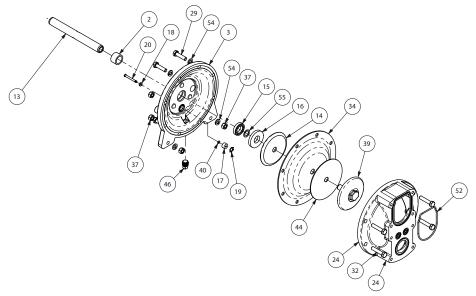


# 5: WET EN

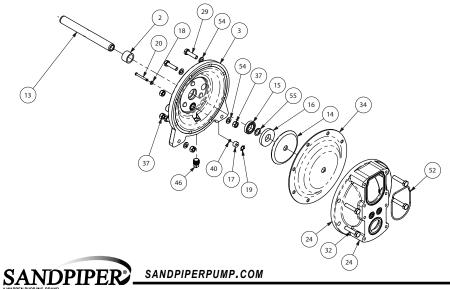
# **Diaphragm Service Drawing**



# **Diaphragm Service Drawing - with Overlay**



# **Diaphragm Service Drawing - One Piece Bonded**



### **Diaphragm Servicing**

Step 1: With manifolds and outer chambers removed, remove diaphragm assemblies from diaphragm rod. DO NOT use a pipe wrench or similar tool to remove assembly from rod. Flaws in the rod surface may damage bearings and seal. Soft jaws in a vise are recommended to prevent diaphragm rod damage.

Step 1.A: NOTE: Not all inner diaphragm plates are threaded. Some models utilize a through hole in the inner diaphragm plate. If required to separate diaphragm assembly, place assembly in a vise, gripping on the exterior cast diameter of the inner plate. Turn the outer plate clockwise to separate the assembly.

Always inspect diaphragms for wear cracks or chemical attack. Inspect inner and outer plates for deformities, rust scale and wear. Inspect intermediate bearings for elongation and wear. Inspect diaphragm rod for wear or marks.

Clean or repair if appropriate. Replace as required.

Step 2: Reassembly: There are two different types of diaphragm plate assemblies utilized throughout the Sandpiper product line: Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and a threaded inner plate.

Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and an inner plate with through hole. Secure threaded inner plate in a vise. Ensure that the plates are being installed with the outer radius against the diaphragm.

Step 3: Lightly lubricate, with a compatible material, the inner faces of both outer and inner diaphragm plates when using on non Overlay diaphragms (For EPDM water is recommended). No lubrication is required.

Step 4: Push the threaded outer diaphragm plate through the center hole of the diaphragm. Note: Most diaphragms are installed with the natural bulge out towards the fluid side. S05, S07, and S10 non-metallic units are installed with the natural bulge in towards the air side.

Step 5: Thread or place, outer plate stud into the inner plate. For threaded inner plates, use a torque wrench to tighten the assembly together. Torque values are called out on the exploded view.

Repeat procedure for second side assembly. Allow a minimum of 15 minutes to elapse after torquing, then re-torque the assembly to compensate for stress relaxation in the clamped assembly.

Step 6: Thread one assembly onto the diaphragm rod with sealing washer (when used) and bumper.

Step 7: Install diaphragm rod assembly into pump and secure by installing the outer chamber in place and tightening the capscrews.

Step 8: On opposite side of pump, thread the remaining assembly onto the diaphragm rod. Using a torque wrench, tighten the assembly to the diaphragm rod. Align diaphragm through bolt holes, always going forward past the recommended torque. Torque values are called out on the exploded view. **NEVER** reverse to align holes, if alignment cannot be achieved without damage to diaphragm, loosen complete assemblies, rotate diaphragm and reassemble as described above.

Step 9: Complete assembly of entire unit.

One Piece Diaphragm Servicing (Bonded PTFE with integral plate) The One Piece diaphragm has a threaded stud installed in the integral plate at the factory. The inner diaphragm plate has a through hole instead of a threaded hole. Place the inner plate over the diaphragm stud and thread the first diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod only until the inner plate contacts the rod. Do not tighten. A small amount of grease may be applied between the inner plate and the diaphragm to facilitate assembly. Insert the diaphragm / rod assembly into the pump and install the outer chamber. Turn the pump over and thread the second diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod. Turn the diaphragm until the inner plate contacts the rod and hand tighten the assembly. Continue tightening until the bolt holes align with the inner chamber holes. DO NOT LEAVE THE ASSEMBLY LOOSE.

### IMPORTANT



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.



# 5 - YEAR Limited Product Warranty

Warren Rupp, Inc. ("Warren Rupp") warrants to the original end-use purchaser that no product sold by Warren Rupp that bears a Warren Rupp brand shall fail under normal use and service due to a defect in material or workmanship within five years from the date of shipment from Warren Rupp's factory. Warren Rupp brands include Warren Rupp®, SANDPIPER®, SANDPIPER Signature Series<sup>™</sup>, MARATHON<sup>®</sup>, Porta-Pump<sup>®</sup>, SludgeMaster<sup>™</sup> and Tranquilizer<sup>®</sup>.

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

> ~ See sandpiperpump.com/content/warranty-certifications for complete warranty, including terms and conditions, limitations and exclusions. ~

# **Declaration of Conformity**

Manufacturer: Warren Rupp, Inc., 800 N. Main Street Mansfield, Ohio, 44902 USA

Certifies that Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump Series: HDB, HDF, M Non-Metallic, S Non-Metallic, M Metallic, S Metallic, T Series, G Series, U Series, EH and SH High Pressure, RS Series, W Series, F Series, SMA and SPA Submersibles, and Tranquilizer® Surge Suppressors comply with the European Community Directive 2006/42/EC on Machinery, according to Annex VIII. This product has used Harmonized Standard EN809:2012, Pumps and Pump Units for Liquids - Common Safety Requirements, to verify conformance.

Signature of authorized perso

Authorised Representative: **IDEX Pump Technologies** R79 Shannon Industrial Estate Shannon, Co. Clare, Ireland

Attn: Barry McMahon

Revision Level: F

October 20, 2005

Date of issue

Director of Engineering

Title

February 27, 2017 Date of revision



## **ATEX**



# **EU Declaration of Conformity**

### Manufacturer:

Warren Rupp, Inc. A Unit of IDEX Corporation 800 North Main Street Mansfield, OH 44902 USA

Warren Rupp, Inc. declares that Air Operated Double Diaphragm Pumps (AODD) and Surge Suppressors listed below comply with the requirements of Directive 2014/34/EU and all applicable standards.

### **Applicable Standards**

EN ISO 80079-36: 2016

EN ISO 80079-37: 2016

EN ISO 60079-25: 2010

1. AODD Pumps and Surge Suppressors - Technical File No.: 20310400-1410/MER

### **Hazardous Location Applied:**

II 2 G Ex h IIC T5...225°C (T2) Gb



(Ex) II 2 D Ex h IIIC T100°C...T200°C Db

II 2 G Ex h IIB T5...225°C (T2) Gb

II 2 D Ex h IIIB T100°C...T200°C Db

- Metallic pump models with external aluminum components (S Series, HD Series, G Series, DMF Series, MSA Series, U Series, F Series, T Series, EH Series, SH Series, GH Series )
- Conductive plastic pump models with integral muffler (S Series, PB Series)
- Tranquilizer® surge suppressors
- AODD Pumps EU Type Examination Certificate No.: DEKRA 18ATEX0094X DEKRA Certification B.V. (0344)

### **Hazardous Location Applied:**

IM1 Exhl Ma

II 1 G Ex h IIC T5...225°C (T2) Ga

II 1 D Ex h IIIC T100°C...T200°C Da

ξχ II 2 G Ex h ia IIC T5 Gb

II 2 D Ex h ia IIIC T100°C Db

II 2 G Ex h mb IIC T5 Gb

II 2 D Ex mb tb IIIC T100° Db

- Metallic pump models with no external aluminum (S series, HD Series, G series)
- Conductive plastic pumps equipped with metal muffler (S series, PB Series)
- ATEX pump models equipped with ATEX rated pulse output kit or solenoid kit

See "ATEX Details" page in user's manual for more information

See "Safety Information" page for conditions of safe use

DATE/APPROVAL/TITLE:

26 SEP 2018

David Roseberry, Director of Engineering

Meander 1051

6825 MJ Arnhem The Netherlands